

§ 2500. REPORTING TO THE LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITY.

- § 2500(b) It shall be the duty of every health care provider, knowing of or in attendance on a case or suspected case of any of the diseases or condition listed below, to report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides. Where no health care provider is in attendance, any individual having knowledge of a person who is suspected to be suffering from one of the diseases or conditions listed below may make such a report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides.
- § 2500(c) The administrator of each health facility, clinic, or other setting where more than one health care provider may know of a case, a suspected case or an outbreak of disease within the facility shall establish and be responsible for administrative procedures to assure that reports are made to the local officer.
- § 2500(a)(14) "Health care provider" means a physician and surgeon, a veterinarian, a podiatrist, a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, a registered nurse, a nurse midwife, a school nurse, an infection control practitioner, a medical examiner, a coroner, or a dentist.

URGENCY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS [17 CCR §2500(h)(i)]

Ⓣ ! = Report immediately by telephone (designated by a ♦ in regulations).

† = Report immediately by telephone when two or more cases or suspected cases of foodborne disease from separate households are suspected to have the same source of illness (designated by a • in regulations.)

Ⓣ = Report by telephone within one working day of identification (designated by a + in regulations).

FAX Ⓣ ☒ = Report by electronic transmission (including FAX), telephone, or mail within one working day of identification (designated by a + in regulations).

= All other diseases/conditions should be reported by electronic transmission (including FAX), telephone, or mail within seven calendar days of identification.

REPORTABLE COMMUNICABLE DISEASES §2500(i)(1)

FAX Ⓣ ☒	Amebiasis	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Listeriosis
	Anaplasmosis		Lyme Disease
Ⓣ !	Anthrax, human or animal	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Malaria
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Babesiosis	Ⓣ !	Measles (Rubeola)
Ⓣ !	Botulism (Infant, Foodborne, Wound, Other)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Meningitis, Specify Etiology: Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic
	Brucellosis, animal (except infections due to <i>Brucella canis</i>)	Ⓣ !	Meningococcal Infections
Ⓣ !	Brucellosis, human		Mumps
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Campylobacteriosis	Ⓣ !	Novel Virus Infection with Pandemic Potential
	Chancroid	Ⓣ !	Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Chickenpox (Varicella) (outbreaks, hospitalizations and deaths)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
	<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infections, including lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)	Ⓣ !	Plague, human or animal
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Chikungunya Virus Infection	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Poliovirus Infection
Ⓣ !	Cholera	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Psittacosis
Ⓣ !	Ciguatera Fish Poisoning	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Q Fever
	Coccidioidomycosis	Ⓣ !	Rabies, human or animal
	Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) and other Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSE)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Relapsing Fever
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Cryptosporidiosis		Respiratory Syncytial Virus (only report a death in a patient less than less than five years of age)
	Cyclosporiasis		Rickettsial Diseases (non-Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever), including Typhus and Typhus-like Illnesses
	Cysticercosis or taeniasis		Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever
Ⓣ !	Dengue Virus Infection		Rubella (German Measles)
Ⓣ !	Diphtheria		Rubella Syndrome, Congenital
Ⓣ !	Domoic Acid Poisoning (Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Salmonellosis (Other than Typhoid Fever)
	Ehrlichiosis	Ⓣ !	Scombroid Fish Poisoning
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Encephalitis, Specify Etiology: Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic	Ⓣ !	Shiga toxin (detected in feces)
Ⓣ !	<i>Escherichia coli</i> : shiga toxin producing (STEC) including <i>E. coli</i> O157	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Shigellosis
	Flavivirus infection of undetermined species	Ⓣ !	Smallpox (Variola)
† FAX Ⓣ ☒	Foodborne Disease	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Streptococcal Infections (Outbreaks of Any Type and Individual Cases in Food Handlers and Dairy Workers Only)
	Giardiasis		Syphilis
	Gonococcal Infections		Tetanus
FAX Ⓣ ☒	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , invasive disease, all serotypes (report an incident of less than five years of age)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Trichinosis
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Hantavirus Infections	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Tuberculosis
Ⓣ !	Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome		Tularemia, animal
FAX Ⓣ ☒	Hepatitis A, acute infection	Ⓣ !	Tularemia, human
	Hepatitis B (specify acute case or chronic)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Typhoid Fever, Cases and Carriers
	Hepatitis C (specify acute case or chronic)	FAX Ⓣ ☒	<i>Vibrio</i> Infections
	Hepatitis D (Delta) (specify acute case or chronic)	Ⓣ !	Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers, human or animal (e.g., Crimean-Congo, Ebola, Lassa, and Marburg viruses)
	Hepatitis E, acute infection	FAX Ⓣ ☒	West Nile Virus (WNV) Infection
Ⓣ !	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, stage 3 (AIDS)	Ⓣ !	Yellow Fever
	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), acute infection	FAX Ⓣ ☒	Yersiniosis
Ⓣ !	Influenza, deaths in laboratory-confirmed cases for age 0-64 years	Ⓣ !	Zika Virus Infection
	Influenza, novel strains (human)	Ⓣ !	OCCURRENCE of ANY UNUSUAL DISEASE
	Legionellosis	Ⓣ !	OUTBREAKS of ANY DISEASE (Including diseases not listed in § 2500. Specify if institutional and/or open community.
	Leprosy (Hansen Disease)		
	Leptospirosis		

HIV REPORTING BY HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS §2641.30-2643.20

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection at all stages is reportable by traceable mail, person-to-person transfer, or electronically within seven calendar days. For complete HIV-specific reporting requirements, see Title 17, CCR, §2641.30-2643.20 and <http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/IOAHIVRptgSP.aspx>

REPORTABLE NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS §2800-2812 and §2593(b)

Disorders Characterized by Lapses of Consciousness (§2800-2812)

Pesticide-related illness or injury (known or suspected cases)**

Cancer, including benign and borderline brain tumors (except (1) basal and squamous skin cancer unless occurring on genitalia, and (2) carcinoma in-situ and CIN III of the Cervix) (§2593)***

LOCALLY REPORTABLE DISEASES (If Applicable):

* This form is designed for health care providers to report those diseases mandated by Title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR). Failure to report is a misdemeanor (Health & Safety Code §120295) and is a citable offense under the Medical Board of California Citation and Fine Program (Title 16, CCR, §1364.10 and 1364.11).

** Failure to report is a citable offense and subject to civil penalty (§250) (Health and Safety Code §105200).

*** The Confidential Physician Cancer Reporting Form may also be used. See Physician Reporting Requirements for Cancer Reporting in CA at: www.ccrca.org.