Treatment Protocols *Seizure - Pediatric*

Seizure - I edidiric	1 Uncy #91001
Stable	Unstable
Stable Systolic blood pressure appropriate for age	Systolic blood pressure low for age, and/or signs of poor
Systone blood pressure appropriate for age	perfusion
Pediatric BLS Standing Orders	
Universal Patient Protocol	Universal Patient Protocol
 Assess and control airway and breathing per 	 Assess and control airway and breathing per
Airway Policy	Airway Policy
 Oxygen PRN for pulse ox > 95% 	 Oxygen PRN for pulse ox > 95%
 Test glucose (glucose measurement should 	 Test glucose (glucose measurement should
<u>not</u> delay midazolam administration by ALS	not delay midazolam administration by ALS
if patient actively seizing)	if patient actively seizing)
 Gather history from patient, and if patient 	 Gather history from patient, and if patient
unable to provide history, ask bystanders,	unable to provide history, ask bystanders,
family or friends. Bring family or friends to	family or friends. Bring family or friends to
hospital if available	hospital if available
• Assess for traumatic injury. If present, go to	• Assess for traumatic injury. If present, go to
Trauma Protocol	Trauma Protocol
• Note any medications, and gather any	• Note any medications, and gather any
medication, alcohol or drug bottles nearby	medication, alcohol or drug bottles nearby
Determine date of last menstrual period	• Determine date of last menstrual period
• If post-ictal, transport in left lateral recumbent	• If post-ictal, transport in left lateral recumbent
 <u>HYPOGLYCEMIA, Glucose < 60 dL/mg (adult).</u> <u>60 dL/mg (child), or 45 (neonate) dL/mg</u> Administer glucose PO, If patient is alert, has a gag reflex, and can swallow: Glucose paste on tongue depressor placed between cheek and gum Granulated sugar dissolved in liquid Reassess glucose following intervention 	 HYPOGLYCEMIA, Glucose < 60 dL/mg (adult), 60 dL/mg (child), or 45 (neonate) dL/mg Administer glucose PO, If patient is alert, has a gag reflex, and can swallow: Glucose paste on tongue depressor placed between cheek and gum Granulated sugar dissolved in liquid Reassess glucose following intervention
Febrile Seizures	Febrile Seizures
Remove clothing	Remove clothing
Avoid shivering	Avoid shivering
Pediatric LALS Standing Order Protocol	
Establish IV PRN	Establish IV
	Hypotension
HYPOGLYCEMIA (<60 mg/dL in children, <45	
mg/dL in neonates)	• 10-20 mL/kg NS IV bolus; titrated to
• Dextrose 10% - dosing per chart, MR x1	age-appropriate systolic BP MR x1
• Glucagon – dosing per chart if no IV and BS	HYPOGLYCEMIA (<60 mg/dL in children, <45
level low or unobtainable	mg/dL in neonates)
Reassess glucose following intervention	• Dextrose 10% - dosing per chart, MR x1
	- Death ose 10 /0 - dosing per chart, which at

EMS Policy #9180P

Seizure - Pediatric	Policy #9180F
NOTE: D50 should not be used in pediatric patients	 Glucagon – dosing per chart if no IV and BS level low or unobtainable Reassess glucose following intervention
	NOTE: D50 should not be used in pediatric patients
Pediatric ALS Standing Order Protocol	
 Monitor EKG Establish IV/IO PRN Capnography HYPOGLYCEMIA (<60 mg/dL in children, <45	 Monitor EKG Establish IV/IO Capnography <u>HYPOTENSION</u> 10-20 mL/kg NS IV bolus; titrated to age-
 <u>mg/dL in neonates</u>) Dextrose 10% - dosing per chart, MR x1 Glucagon – dosing per chart if no IV and BS level low or unobtainable Reassess glucose following intervention NOTE: D50 should not be used in pediatric patients	 appropriate systolic BP MR x1 <u>HYPOGLYCEMIA (<60 mg/dL in children, <45</u> <u>mg/dL in neonates)</u> Dextrose 10% - dosing per chart, MR x1 Glucagon – dosing per chart if no IV and BS level low or unobtainable Reassess glucose following intervention
 PERSISTENT SEIZURE: Perform continuous pulse oximetry, blood pressure, ECG and capnography Midazolam per dosing chart – (IV is preferred if available) 0.2 mg/ kg IM max of 10 mg. MR x1 in 10 min MR BH 0.2 mg/kg IN to a max of 10 mg MR BH 0.1 mg/ kg IV max of 4 mg. MR x1 in 10 min MR BH 	 NOTE: D50 should not be used in pediatric patients PERSISTENT SEIZURE: Perform continuous pulse oximetry, blood pressure, ECG and capnography Midazolam per dosing chart – (IV is preferred if available) 0.2 mg/ kg IM max of 10 mg. MR x1 in 10 min MR BH 0.2 mg/kg IN to a max of 10 mg MR BH 0.1 mg/ kg IV max of 4 mg. MR x1 in 10 min MR BH
 Pediatric Base I Additional midazolam dosing per BH Additional fluid boluses per BH Additional glucose dosing per BH 	Hospital Orders

Treatment Protocols *Seizure - Pediatric*

Notes:

- Consider meningitis in febrile adults or children (> 5 years old) with new seizures. Use appropriate PPE.
- Do not place anything in patient's mouths unless it is an airway device if they seized or are seizing
- Consider eclampsia in pregnant or immediately post-partum patients

APPROVED:

Signature on File Katherine Staats, M.D. FACEP EMS Medical Director