Date: 02/01/2021 Policy #7100

I. Purpose:

1. To establish indications, guidelines, and the standard procedure for performing External Jugular (EJ) vein cannulation on critically ill patients when unable to establish peripheral IV access, in the pre-hospital setting

II. Authority:

1. Health and Safety code, Section 1792.220, 1798. Title 22, Section 100170.

III. Policy:

- 1. EJ vein cannulation should only be attempted on patients who are critically ill or have impending deterioration when alternative vascular access is unable to be established.
- 2. Documentation should include:
 - a. Prior unsuccessful IV and IO access attempts.
 - b. Number of attempts
 - c. Site and gauge of cannula
 - d. Complications
- 3. No more than two attempts are permitted, using only one side.
- 4. Procedure is approved from adult patients, generally > 14 years old, or large than the pediatric measurement tape

IV. Procedure:

- 1. Place patient in supine, reverse Trendelberg position with shoulder on rolled towel to suspend head and neck in hands of assistant.
- 2. Turn patients head 45-60 degrees to one side.
- 3. Clean site with alcohol or betadine swab.
- 4. Tamponade the vein with forefinger just above the clavicle, midclavicular line.
- 5. Stabilize skin over vein with thumb.
- 6. Puncture skin midway between angle of the jaw and midclavicular line at a shallow angle.
- 7. Maintain compression on the vein continuously with finger until cannula is completely inserted, needle removed and IV tubing is connected.
- 8. Release tamponade over vein and adjust IV flow to desired rate.
- 9. Secure site.
- 10. Monitor for air embolism, catheter embolism, hematoma or infiltration. Remove if hematoma or infiltration occurs. Apply direct pressure until bleeding stops. (Approx. 5 min) Do not obstruct airway with pressure.

APPROVED:

Signature on File

Katherine Staats, M.D.

EMS Medical Director